

$$V_A = \frac{5}{8} pL = 15,63$$

$$M_A = -5 \times 5 \times 2,5 + 5 \times V_B = -15,63 \text{ kNm}$$

$$I_{11} I_{22} - I_{12}^2 = 7,243 \times 10^{12} \text{ mm}^8$$

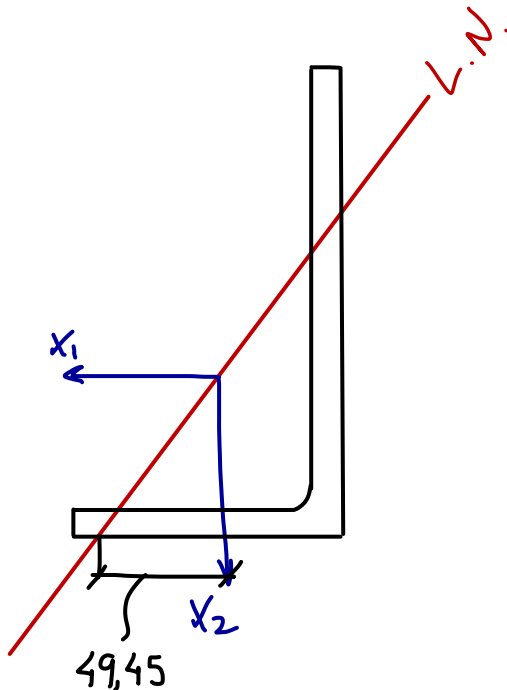
$$T_{A,Cc} = 5 \times 5 \times 0,045 = 1,125 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{M_1 I_{12} - M_2 I_{11}}{I_{11} I_{22} - I_{12}^2} x_1 + \frac{M_1 I_{22} - M_2 I_{12}}{I_{11} I_{22} - I_{12}^2} x_2$$

$$\sigma = M_1 \left(\frac{-1,92}{7,243} x_1 + \frac{1,98}{7,243} x_2 \right) = M_1 (-0,265 x_1 + 0,273 x_2)$$

[MPa]

$$\sigma_{A,P} = -15,63 \times [-0,265 \times (-23,4) + 0,273 \times (-75 + 48)] = +18,41 \text{ MPa}$$



$$0 = -0,265 x_1 + 0,273 x_2 \Rightarrow x_2 = 0,971 x_1$$

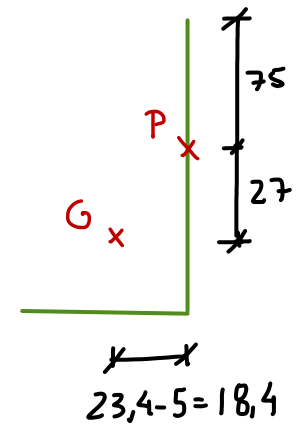
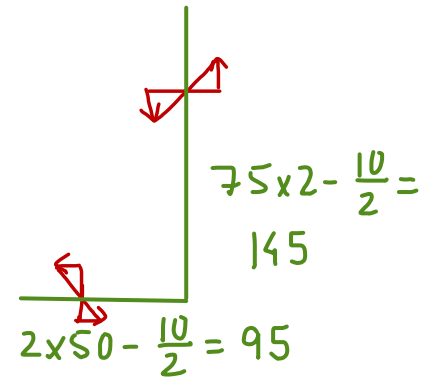
$$x_2 = 48 \Rightarrow x_1 = \frac{48}{0,971} = 49,45$$

b. Determine o valor da tensão de comparação, segundo von Mises, do ponto **P** da secção do apoio **A**.

$$\sigma_{A,P} = 18,41 \text{ MPa}$$

$$J = \sum \frac{bt^3}{3} = \frac{1}{3} (95 + 145) \times 10^3 = 80 \times 10^3 \text{ mm}^4$$

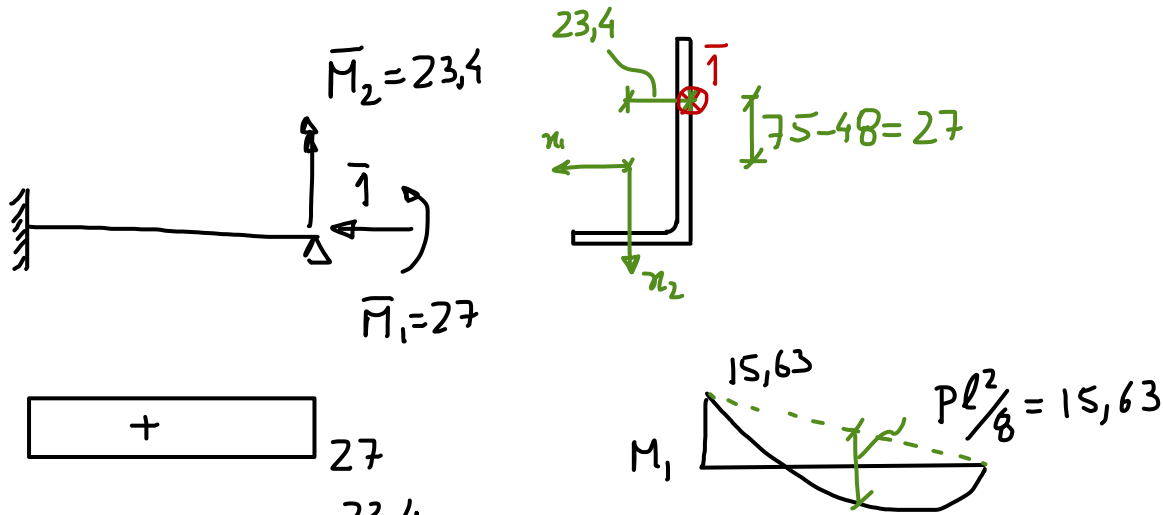
$$\tau = \frac{T}{J} \rho = \frac{1,125 \times 10^6}{80 \times 10^3} \times 10 = 140,6 \text{ MPa}$$



$$\tau_v = -15,63 \times 10^3 \times \frac{1,98 \times 10^6 \times 75 \times (-75/2 - 27) + (1,92 \times 10^6) \times 75 \times (-18,4)}{7,243 \times 10^{12}} = 14,95 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{vn} = \sqrt{\sigma^2 + 3\tau^2} = \sqrt{18,41^2 + 3(14,95 - 140,6)^2} = 218,1 \text{ MPa}$$

c. Calcule o deslocamento horizontal do ponto **P** situado na secção do apoio **B**.



$$\bar{M}_1 \quad \boxed{+} \quad 27$$

$$\bar{M}_2 \quad \boxed{-} \quad 23,4$$

$$\bar{N} \quad \boxed{-} \quad 1$$

$$\bar{V} = \frac{M_1 I_{12} - M_2 I_{11}}{I_{11} I_{22} - I_{12}^2} x_1 + \frac{M_1 I_{22} - M_2 I_{12}}{\underbrace{I_{11} I_{22} - I_{12}^2}_{\beta}} x_2$$

$$\text{PTV} \Rightarrow \delta_P = \int_V \varepsilon \bar{V} dV \Rightarrow \frac{1}{E} \int_V \nabla \bar{V} dV =$$

$$= \frac{1}{E} \int_V M_1 \left(\frac{I_{12} x_1 + I_{22} x_2}{\beta} \right) \cdot \left[\bar{M}_1 \left(\frac{I_{12} x_1 + I_{22} x_2}{\beta} \right) - \bar{M}_2 \left(\frac{I_{11} x_1 + I_{12} x_2}{\beta} \right) + \frac{\bar{N}}{A} \right] dV$$

$$\int_V dV = \int_L \int_A dA dx_3 ; \text{NOTA: } \int_A x_1 dA = \int_A x_2 dA = 0 ; \int_A x_1^2 dA = I_{22} ; \int_A x_2^2 dA = I_{11} ; \int_A x_1 x_2 dA = -I_{12}$$

$$= \frac{1}{E} \int_L M_1 \bar{M}_1 \underbrace{\left(\frac{I_{22}^2 I_{11} - I_{12}^2 I_{22}}{(I_{11} I_{22} - I_{12}^2)^2} \right)}_{9,613 \times 10^{-5}} + M_1 \bar{M}_2 \underbrace{\left(\frac{-I_{12}^3 + I_{22} I_{11} I_{12}}{(I_{11} I_{22} - I_{12}^2)^2} \right)}_{8,0791 \times 10^{-5}} dx_3$$

$$= \frac{1}{E} 5 \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} \right) 15,63 \times 10^6 \left[27 \times 9,613 \times 10^{-5} - 23,4 \times 8,0791 \times 10^{-5} \right]$$

$$= \frac{176,92}{E} \text{ mm } (\leftarrow)$$

MPa \rightarrow