

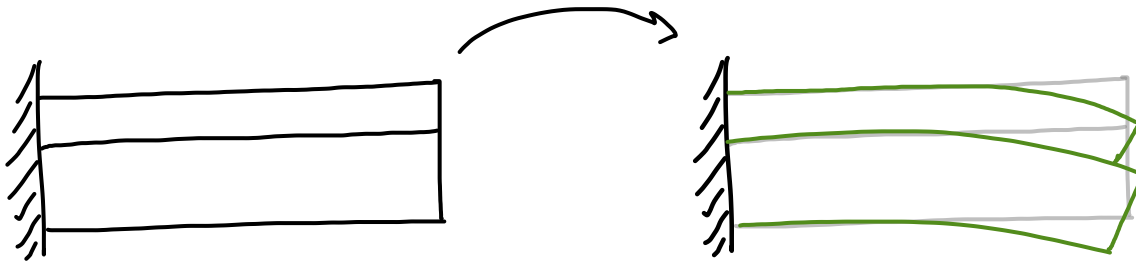
	$y_G$ [cm]	$A$ [cm <sup>2</sup> ]	$I_G$ [cm <sup>4</sup> ]	$I_1$ [cm <sup>4</sup> ]
①	$-40/2$	200	$26,67 \times 10^3$	$51,98 \times 10^3$
②	$5/2$	$40 \times 5 = 200$	416,7	$25,73 \times 10^3$
T	-8,75	400	—	$77,71 \times 10^3$

(i) considerando a ligação

$$M^{\max} = 3L \quad \sigma^{\max} = \frac{M^{\max}}{77,71 \times 10^3} \times 0,3125 \Rightarrow M^{\max} = \frac{10 \times 10^3 \times 77,71 \times 10^5}{0,3125} = 24,87 \text{ kN}$$

$$3L = 24,87 \Rightarrow L = \underline{\underline{8,289 \text{ m}}}$$

(ii) sem ligação



⚠ Se têm mesmo deslocamento vertical têm a mesma curvatura

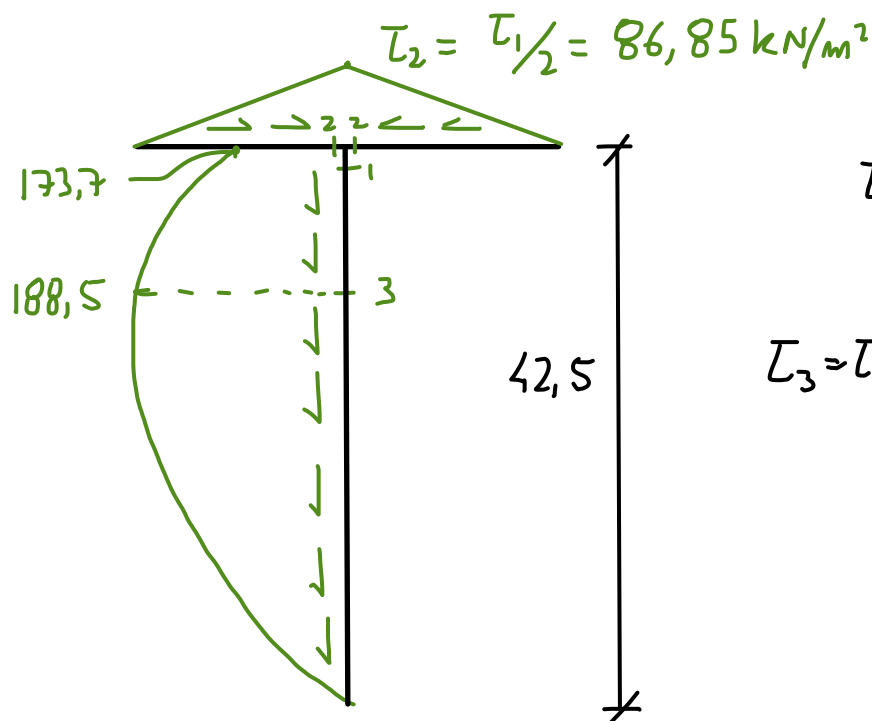
$$\frac{M_1}{EI_1} = \frac{M_2}{EI_2} \Rightarrow M_2 = M_1 \frac{I_2}{I_1}$$

$$M_1 + M_2 = 3L \Rightarrow M_1 \left(1 + \frac{I_2}{I_1}\right) = 3L$$

$$M = \frac{\tau I}{\kappa}$$

$$M_1^{\max} = \frac{10 \times 10^3 \times 26,67 \times 10^{-5}}{0,2} = 13,34 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} M_2 \approx 0,21 \\ L = \frac{13,34}{3} \left(1 + \frac{416,7}{26,67 \times 10^3}\right) = 4,516 \text{ m} \end{cases}$$

$$M_2^{\max} = \frac{10 \times 10^3 \times 416,7 \times 10^{-8}}{0,05} = 0,83 > 0,21 \text{ (Verifica)}$$



$$\tau_1 = 3 \times \frac{0,4 \times 0,05 \times (0,0875 + 0,025)}{77,71 \times 10^{-5} \times 0,05} = 173,7$$

$$\tau_3 = \tau_{\max} = 3 \times \frac{31,25 \times e \times \frac{31,25}{2}}{77,71 \times 10^5 \times e} = 188,5 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

- b. Se cada prego pode resistir a um esforço de corte de 0,6 kN, qual o afastamento máximo entre pregos?

$$0,6 = \underset{0,5}{e} \cdot \underset{173,7}{a_f} \cdot \underset{173,7}{\tau_1} \Rightarrow a_f = \frac{0,6}{5 \times 10^{-2} \times 173,7} = 6,9 \text{ cm}$$