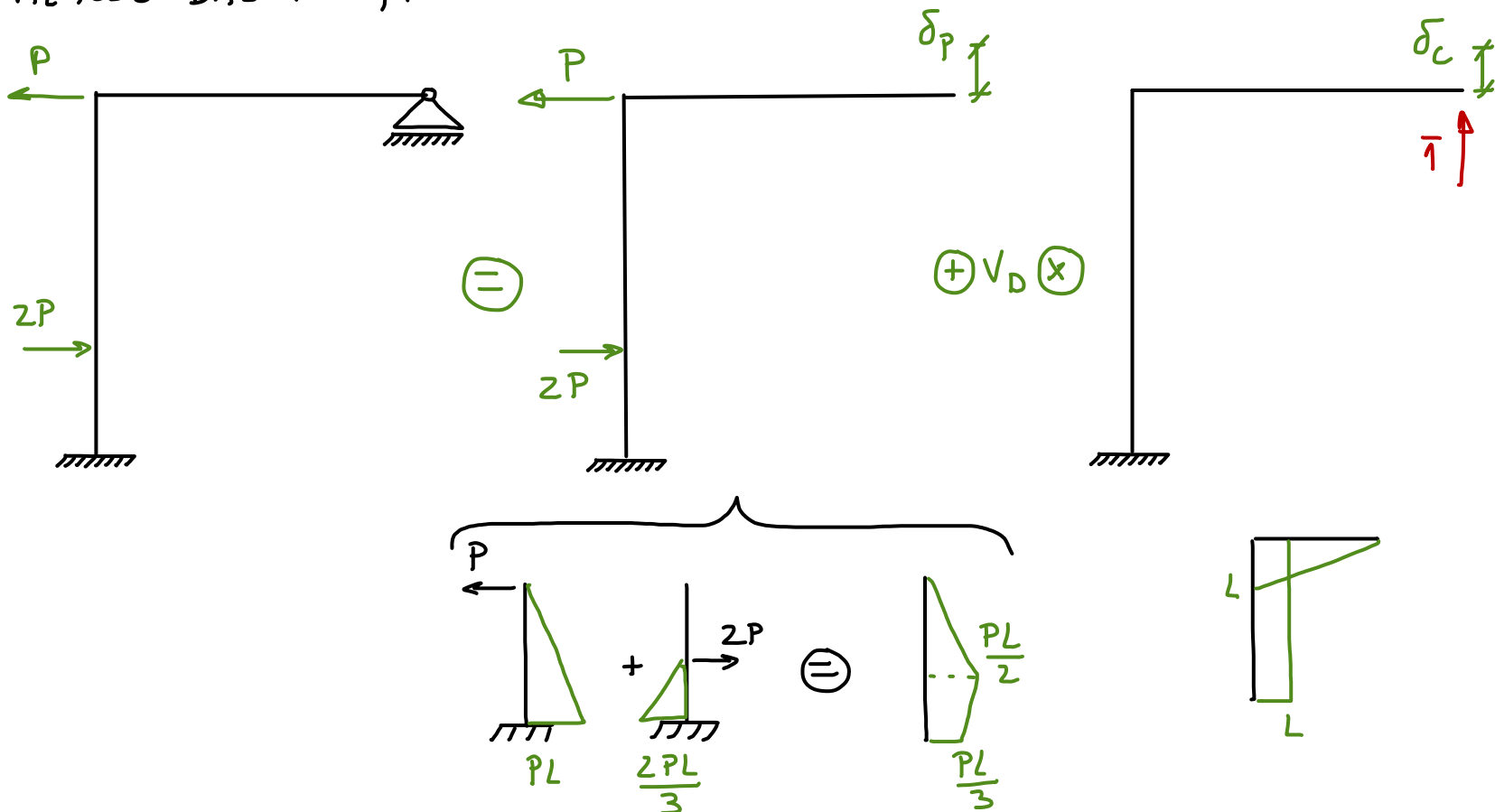


a) Diagrama elástico de momento flector:

MÉTODO DAS FORÇAS

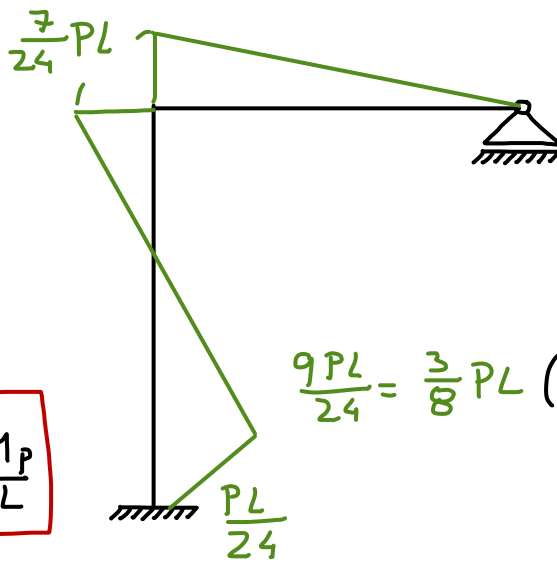


$$\delta_P = \sum \int \frac{M \bar{M}}{EI} dn = \int_L \left( \frac{PL}{3} + \frac{2PL}{3} \right) = \frac{1}{2} PL^3 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{L}{3} \frac{2PL}{3} L = \frac{7}{18} PL^3$$

$$\delta_C = \sum \int \frac{\bar{M} \bar{M}}{EI} dn = \int \left( \left( \frac{PL}{3} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{PL}{2} \right)^2 \right) dn = L^3 + \frac{1}{3} L^3 = \frac{4}{3} L^3$$

$$\delta_P + V_D \delta_C = 0 \Rightarrow V_D = -\frac{7}{24} P (\downarrow)$$

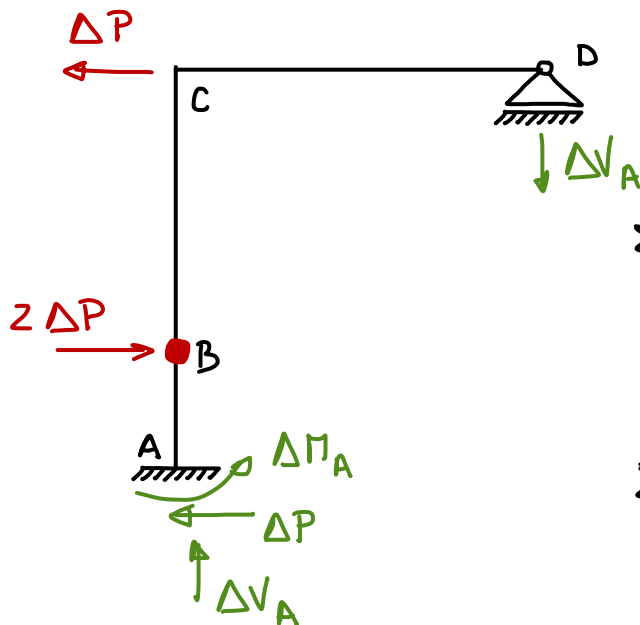
(M)



$$\frac{3}{8} P_c L = M_p \Rightarrow P_c = \frac{8}{3} \frac{M_p}{L}$$

$$\frac{9PL}{24} = \frac{3}{8} PL \quad (M^{max} \Rightarrow 1^a \text{ secção a plastificar})$$

Análise incremental:



$$P_{TOTAL} = P_c + \Delta P$$

$$\sum F_H = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta H_A = \Delta P (\leftarrow)$$

$$\sum M_B^{\downarrow} = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta M_A = \frac{L}{3} \Delta P$$

$$\sum M_B^{\uparrow} = 0 \Rightarrow L \Delta V_A = \frac{2}{3} L \Delta P \Rightarrow \Delta V_A = \frac{2}{3} \Delta P$$

$\Downarrow$

$$\Delta M_c = -\frac{2}{3} \Delta P \cdot L$$

$$M_c = -\frac{7}{24} \frac{8}{3} M_p - \frac{2}{3} \Delta P \cdot L = -\frac{7}{9} M_p - \frac{2}{3} \Delta P \cdot L$$

$$M_A = \frac{1}{24} \frac{8}{3} M_p - \frac{L}{3} \Delta P = \frac{M_p}{L} - \frac{1}{3} \Delta P \cdot L$$

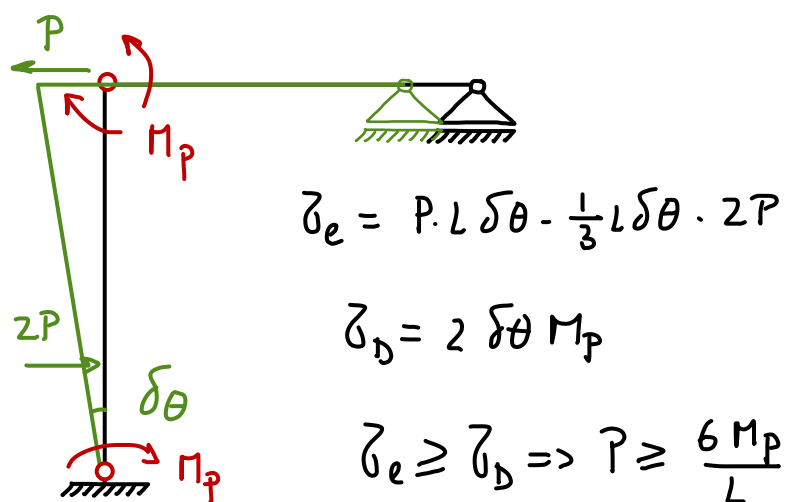
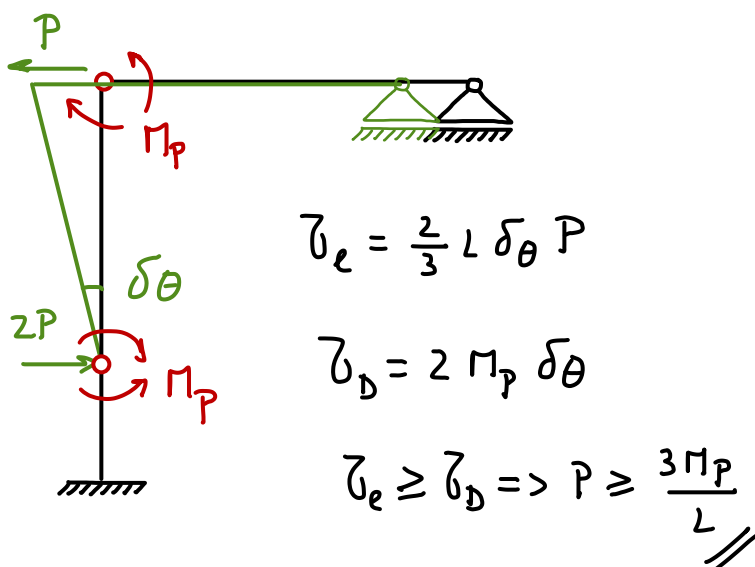
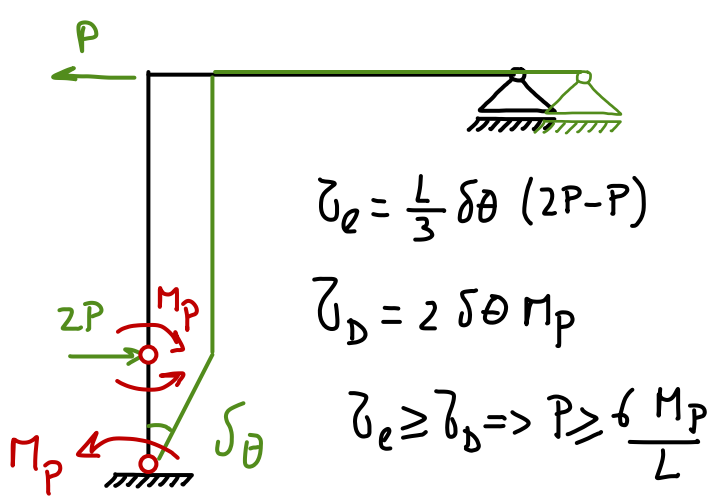
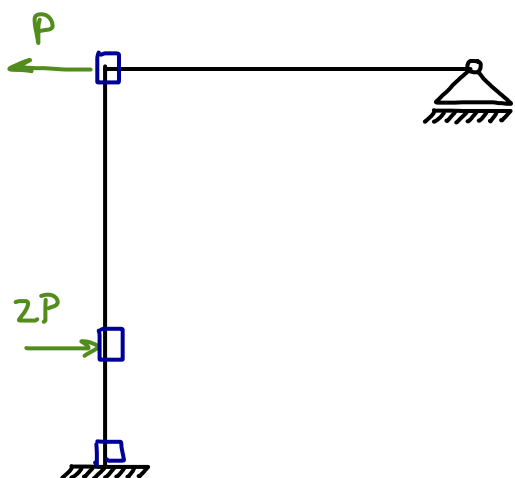
CONCLUSÃO: a secção C plastifica primeiro do que a secção A

$$-\frac{7}{9} M_p - \frac{2}{3} \Delta P \cdot L = -M_p \Rightarrow \Delta P = \frac{M_p}{3L} \Rightarrow P_u = \left( \frac{8}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \right) \frac{M_p}{L} = \underline{\underline{3 \frac{M_p}{L}}}$$

b) determinação carga colapso com teoremas A.L.

□ secção crítica

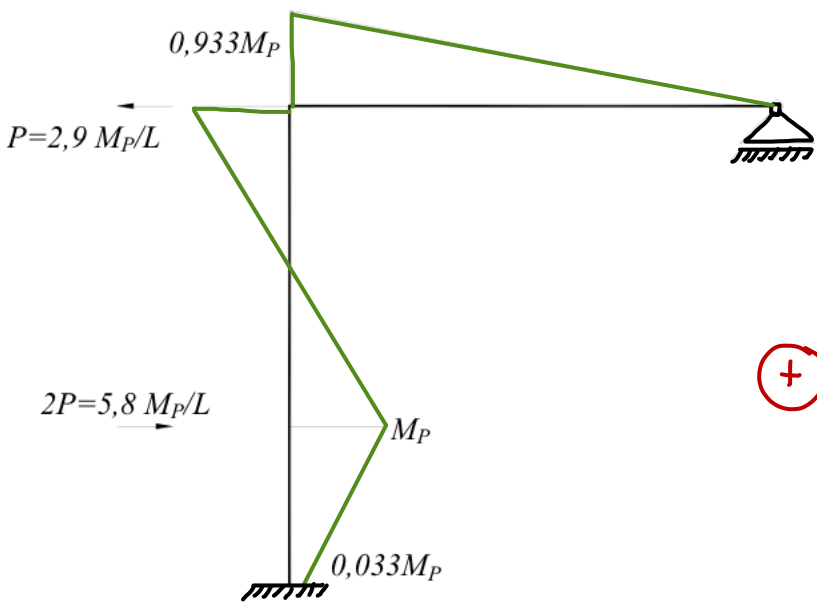
$$MR. \text{ mecanismos} = C_2^3 = \frac{3!}{2!(3-2)!} = 3$$



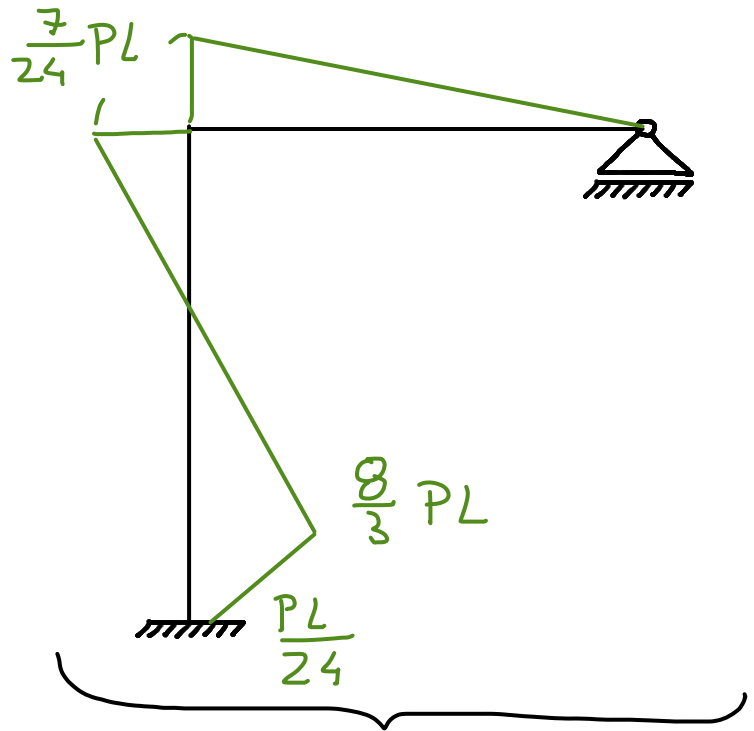
NOTA: não é necessário verificar este mecanismo porque não tem rótula em B (a 1ª secção a plastificar)

c) descarga:

⚠ a descarga é sempre realizada em regime elástico



⊕



Esforços Elásticos com

$$P = - \frac{2.9 MP}{L}$$

